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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/548,637	04/13/2000	John R Koza	50291.P009	6771	
7590 01/29/2004			EXAMINER		
Michael J Ma		BOOKER, KELVIN E			
Blakely Sokoloff Taylor & Zafman LLP 12400 Wilshire Boulevard			ART UNIT PAPER NUM		
7th Floor			2121		
Los Angeles, CA 90025			DATE MAILED: 01/29/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Office Action Summary		Application No.		Applicant(s)					
		09/548,63	37	KOZA ET AL.					
		Examiner		Art Unit					
		Kelvin E B		2121					
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	pears on the	cover sheet with the c	correspondence address	; 				
THE - External after - If the results of the result	MORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLING MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insistons of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. To SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. The period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	.136(a). In no even ply within the statu I will apply and wi te, cause the appl	ent, however, may a reply be tin utory minimum of thirty (30) day Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ication to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communi D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ication.				
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on Octo	ober 17, 200	<u>13</u> .						
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.								
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposit	ion of Claims								
4)🛛	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-23</u> is/are pending in the application.								
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)[Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
-	Claim(s) <u>1-23</u> is/are rejected.								
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8)[_	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election re	equirement.						
Applicat	ion Papers								
,	The specification is objected to by the Examin								
10)[The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	cepted or b)	objected to by the l	Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
,—	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	:xamıner. No	te the attached Office	Action or form P1O-15	2.				
•	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13) \bigcup 4 \\ 13 \bigcup 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 14 \bigcup 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureat See the attached detailed Office action for a list Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestince a specific reference was included in the first ST CFR 1.78. 2) The translation of the foreign language processing the priority of the priority document is made of a claim for domestic the priority of the priority document is made of a claim for domestic the priority of the priority document is made of a claim for domestic the priority document is made of a claim for domestic the priority document is made of a claim for domestic the priority document is made of a claim for domestic the priority document is made of a claim for domestic the priority document is made of a claim for domestic the priority document is made of a claim for domestic the priority document is made of a claim for domestic the priority document is made of a claim for domestic the priority document is made of a claim for domestic the priority document is made of a claim for domestic the priority document is made of a claim for domestic the priority document is made of a claim for domestic the priority document is made of a claim for domestic the priority document is made of a claim for document is	nts have bee nts have bee ority docume au (PCT Rule of the certific tic priority un rest sentence rovisional ap	n received. In received in Applications have been received in 17.2(a)). If it is in the copies not received and a substitution of the specification or plication has been received and a substitution of the specification.	on No ed in this National Stage ed. e) (to a provisional appl in an Application Data eived. and/or 121 since a spe	ication) Sheet.				
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2) 🔲 Noti	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	 ·		(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152) ce Action.					

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. In Amendment "B", filed October 17, 2003 (see paper no. 8), claims one, 8-11 and 23 have been amended. Claims 1-23 are presented for further examination.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments filed October 17, 2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. Claims 1-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 1 and 23 provide for the use of selecting candidate entities which (1)

"...approximately satisfies a design requirement..." relative to a "...a preexisting art..."; (2)

selects at least one candidate entity "...wherein selection is more likely for a first candidate...;

and (4) create at least one candidate entity "...by creating a variation in the at least one

candidate entity". Claim 22 further provides for the use of creating an entity which (1)

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"...approximately satisfies a design requirement..." relative to avoiding a characteristic of a preexisting technology; and (2) "...produces a structure..." Since the claims do not clearly set forth the steps involved in the methods/processes, it is unclear what methods/processes applicant is intending to encompass. A claim is indefinite where it merely recites a use without any active, positive steps delimiting how this use is actually practiced.

The use of the aforementioned relative terminology fails to limit the scope of the claims, whereby widening the interpretation to include the general aspect of employing a genetic algorithm in a computer implemented medium. Applicant is reminded that the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, and limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPO2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

5. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

6. Claims 1-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the invention as disclosed in claim one is directed to non-statutory subject matter. While the claims are in the technological arts, they are not limited to practical applications in the technological arts.

Specifically, the claims focus on a series of steps to be performed on a computer, but the ideas are disclosed abstractly from any particular practical application. In claims 1, 22 and 23, the mere process of creating an entity that "approximately satisfies" a design requirement relative to "a preexisting art" by means of selecting an entity "more likely" to satisfy a

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requirement, is an unclear and indefinite method of creating a new entity. Further, the newly cited entity is defined by a "variation" consistent of avoiding at least one characteristic of a preexisting art.

To constitutionally interpret the word "process", the Supreme Court has held that: "***A process is a mode of treatment of certain materials to produce a given result. It is an act, or a series of acts, performed upon the subject matter to be transformed and reduced to a different state or thing. ***The Process requires that certain things should be done with certain substances, and in a certain order; but the tools to be used in doing this may be a secondary consequence."(emphasis added) Diamond, Commission of Patents and Trademarks v. Diehr and Lutton, 209 USPQ 1, 6 (1981) quoting Cochrane v. Deener, 94 U.S. 780, 787-788 (1876).

This Constitutional interpretation of the word "process" is a long-standing one that the Supreme Court requires to be applied in interpreting 35 USC 101. Diamond v. Diehr at 6. Consequently, the us of that interpretation is Constitutionally required when we interpret the Federal Circuit's standard that a "new and useful process" is one that produces a useful, concrete, and tangible result". Cf. State Street Bank & Trust Co. v. Signature Financial Group, Inc., 47 USPQ2d 1596, 1600-1601 (Fed. Cir. 1998).

As disclosed, the claims merely define the employment of an evolutionary process instantiated in a computer medium as disclosed throughout both Holland, <u>Adaptation in Natural and Artificial Systems</u> (e.g., in particular see chapter 1), and in Koza, <u>Genetic Programming: On The Programming of Computers by Means of Natural Selection</u> (e.g., in particular see chapter 3). The mere process of applying the general steps associated with the natural evolutionary process to artificial systems (e.g. computers) via genetic terminology, provides the foundation for genetic

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algorithms, but does not constitute the parameters necessary for a clearly defined design process. The claims, as disclosed, point to the general implementation of genetic algorithms and elements of the evolutionary process, but fail to present a design method which employs elements of the genetic process to further limit the intended application to a specific practical application.

Applicant discloses no "certain substances" that have been "transformed or reduced" in that applicant's claims disclose no specific computer-readable medium, no manipulation of specific data representing physical objects or activities (pre-computer activity), nor do they disclose any specific independent physical acts being performed by the invention (post-computer activity). The claims merely manipulate abstract ideas in general without limitation to a practical application where "certain substances" are transformed or reduced.

- 7. In the remarks, Applicants argue in substance that the claims, as amended, particularly point out and distinctly claim, in full, concise and exact terms, the subject matter that Applicant regards as his invention.
- 8. In response to the Applicant's argument, the Examiner respectfully disagrees. As noted in the previous Office Action and above, respective to the current amendments, the Applicants focus on approximately satisfying a design requirement relative to at least one characteristic of a preexisting art, whereby creating a new entity which satisfies the design requirement by avoiding the at least one characteristic of the preexisting art. On page seven, in the remarks, the Applicant asserts that "...one with ordinary skill in the art would consider the use of

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"approximately" and "more likely" to be definite, particularly, for example in the technology of probability".

The Examiner agrees, if the assertion is in terms of focusing on a particular problem with a definite scope [e.g., equation with relative variables in accordance to a particular problem/environment], whereby analyzing calculated results within the given scope of the perspective problem provides a firm foundation for generating the bases for a probable event [e.g., probability]. However, in terms of merely selecting an arbitrary characteristic respective of any preexisting art, the Examiner disagrees. As in the aforementioned case, the amended "...at least one characteristic" and "...avoids at least one characteristic of the preexisting art" does not particularly point out and distinctly claim, in full, concise and exact terms, the subject matter which Applicant regards as his invention.

Further, the claimed method of creating an entity by variation that approximately satisfies a design requirement relative to avoiding at least one characteristic of preexisting art, fails to provide a "process" in accordance with the constitutionally interpreted word "process" (see prior Office Action, and above 35 USC 101 rejection).

Conclusion

9. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

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the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing

date of this final action.

10. An inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to Kelvin Booker whose telephone number is (703) 308-4088. The examiner

can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 7:00 AM-5:30 PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Anil Khatri, can be reached on (703) 305-0282. The fax number for the organization

where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

An inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

K.E.B.

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January 22, 2004

Wilbert L. Starks, Jr. Primary Examiner Art Unit - 2121